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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/936,961 01/29/2002		Lars Egnell	AB-1162 US	2906
7	7590 01/12/2005		EXAM	INER
Michael Shen	ıker	LE, TRAN Q		
Skjereven Mor 25 Metro Drive	Till MacPherson		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Suite 700			2633	
San Jose, CA	95110	DATE MAILED: 01/12/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- (A)
Office Action Summer		09/936,961	LARS EGNELL, SALTS	JOBADEN
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Tran Q. Le	2633	
Period fo	 The MAILING DATE of this communicator Reply 	ition appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	;
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICANSION of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuting to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI, by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communi BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status				
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 29 January 2002.		j
)⊠ This action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition fo closed in accordance with the practice	· ·	· •	its is
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the apple 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.		·
Applicat	ion Papers			
9)[The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.		
10)🖂	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a	a) accepted or b) ⊠objected to	by the Examiner.	
•	Applicant may not request that any objection	on to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ince. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the three oath or declaration is objected to be	•		• •
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119			·
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International See the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have been received. ocuments have been received in a the priority documents have been al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stag	je
2) Noti	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P [*] er No(s)/Mail Date <u>April 3,2002</u> .	O-948) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152))

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. Figures 1-2 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art--because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.121(d)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Henmi (US Patent No. 6,137,603) in view of Yamane (US Patent No. 5,434,691).

Regarding claim 1, Henmi discloses an insertion node that functions like a receiver transponder to be used in an optical add and drop node connected in a

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two-fiber network (fig. 1), characterized by first and second optoelectric converters for converting received optical signals to electric signals and each having an optical input terminal and an output terminal (1052, 1053, fig. 2. obviously, the optical receivers function like optoelectric converters to provide electrical signals to the electrical switch 1072), the first optoelectric converter having its optical input terminal connected to an optical fiber carrying light signals from a first direction for receiving the light signals and for converting them to electric signals (fig. 2, the first optoelectric converter 1052 has an input connecting to the working fiber 1021 to receive the optical signals and convert them to electrical signals) and the second optoelectric converter having its optical input terminal connected to an optical fiber carrying light signals from a second direction opposite the first direction for receiving the light signals and converting them to electric signals (fig. 2, the second optoelectric converter 1053 has an input connecting to the protection fiber 1022 to receive the optical signals and convert them to electrical signals), an electronic switch having two signal input terminals (1072, fig. 2 and col. 1, lines 35-37) and a signal output terminal (fig. 2). the two optoelectric converters connected with their output terminals to the two signal input terminals of the electronic switch (outputs of optoelectric converters 1052 and 1053 are connected to the input of the electrical switch 1072). Although Henmi does not disclose the switch 1072 is controlled by a control signal, Henmi does disclose the switch 1072, which selects signals from one of the two input terminals (col. 1, lines 35-37). Therefore, there must be some kind of control signal applied to the switch 1072 in order to direct the switch to select signals

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from one of the input terminals. Furthermore, Yamane, from the same field of endeavor, teaches transmitter/receiver devices each of which has a switching control signal (switching control, fig. 3) to control the switching units (6 and 60, fig. 3) in both active and protection system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the switching unit of Henmi with a switching control signal as taught by Yamane in order to direct the switch to properly select signals from the working link or a protection link.

Regarding claim 7, Henmi discloses a protected two-fiber network comprising optical add and drop nodes connected by links to form a ring (nodes 1011-1014, fig. 1), first optical fibers connected to form a first ring and transmitting light signals in a first direction (1021, fig. 1) and second optical fibers connected to form a second ring parallel to the first ring and transmitting light signals in a second direction opposite the first direction (1022, fig. 1), each optical add and drop node comprising a receiver transponder and a switch for choosing a direction from which information on a channel terminated in the considered optical add and drop node is to be received in the node (figure 2 shows the components of each optical add and drop node in the two-fiber ring network of figure 1 that comprises a receiver transponder and a switch that has all the functions as disclosed in the rejection of claim 1 above).

4. Claims 2-6, 8-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Henmi (US Patent No. 6,137,603) in view of Yamane (US

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Patent No. 5,434,691) and further in view of Kitamura et al. (US Patent No. 5,130,837).

Regarding claims 2 and 8, the combination of Henmi and Yamane discloses all the aspects as applied to claims 1 and 7 above, except fails to teach an electronic reshaping circuit having an input terminal and an output terminal, the input terminal connected to the signal output terminal of the electronic switch for reshaping a signal output from the electronic switch. However, Kitamura, from the same field of endeavor, teaches an optical repeater having a regeneration circuit (16, fig. 1) that provides reshaping function like an electronic reshaping circuit having an input terminal and an output terminal (fig. 1), the input terminal connected to the signal output terminal of the electronic switch for reshaping a signal output from the electronic switch (fig. 1 and fig. 5, the input terminal of the regeneration circuit is connected indirectly to the signal output terminal of the electronic switch 64a via the interface unit 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the regeneration circuit of Kitamura into the combination of Henmi and Yamane and place after the electronic switch in order to reshape the electrical signal from the output of the electronic switch to obtain higher quality signals.

Regarding claims 3 and 9, the combination of Henmi and Yamane discloses all the aspects as applied to claims 1 and 7 above, except fails to teach an electronic reshaping circuit is also arranged to clean the signal output from the electronic switch from a supervisory channel. However, Kitamura, from the same

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field of endeavor, teaches an optical repeater having regeneration circuit (16, fig. 1), which obviously can be used to amplify/retime/reshape the digital signal coming from the supervisory device 40, therefore, it can be interpreted as "clean" the signal output from the electronic switch from a supervisory channel.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the regeneration circuit of Kitamura into the combination of Henmi and Yamane in order to provide additional conditioning for the output signals to achieve a higher signal quality.

Regarding claims 4 and 10, the output signal from the regeneration circuit inherently has a certain power level, which can be considered as "a predetermined electric power".

Regarding claims 5, 6, 11 and 12, the combination of Henmi and Yamane discloses all the aspects as applied to claims 1 and 7 above, except fails to teach the output terminal of the electronic reshaping circuit connected to the input terminal of the laser, the laser producing a light signal provided to a client layer. However, Kitamura, from the same field of endeavor, teaches the output terminal of the regeneration circuit (16, fig. 1) connected to the input terminal of the laser (LD, fig. 1 and col. 1, lines 58-61), the laser producing a light signal provided to a client layer (fig. 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the regeneration circuit 16 with the laser diode 17 of Kitamura having the input connecting to the output of the regeneration circuit into the combination of Henmi and Yamane in order to provide the optical signals for transmission down the line.

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Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Nakai et al. (US Patent No. 4,829,512) is cited to show a loop-back control apparatus for a loop network having duplicate optical fiber transmission lines.

Milton et al. (US Patent No. 6,748,174) is cited to show a WDM optical network with passive pass-through at each node.

Vojvodich et al. (US Patent No. 4,227,260) is cited to show an electronic active star element for an optical data transmission system having a signal reconstruct circuit for pulse shaping and any necessary synchronization takes place in well known fashion.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tran Q. Le whose telephone number is (571)272-2046. The examiner can normally be reached on 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on (571)272-3022. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Notice of References Cited Application/Control No. O9/936,961 Examiner Tran Q. Le Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination LARS EGNELL, SALTSJOBADEN Page 1 of 1

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*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
	Α	US-6,137,603	10-2000	Henmi, Naoya	398/4
	В	US-5,434,691	07-1995	Yamane, Kazuo	398/5
	С	US-5,130,837	07-1992	Kitamura et al.	398/37
	D	US-4,829,512	05-1989	Nakai et al.	370/224
	Ε	US-6,748,174	06-2004	Milton et al.	398/79
	F	US-4,227,260	10-1980	Vojvodich et al.	398/61
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NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

Sheet I of I

U.S. Department of Commerce, Patent and Trademark Office					Atty Docket No.		Serial No.		
					AB-1162 US		09/936,961		
INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT						Applicant(s)			
(Use several sheets if necessary)						Egnell, Lars			
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